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# **FACULTY MEDICINE**

# STUDY PROGRAM 0912.1 MEDICINE

# CHAIR PHILOSOPHY AND BIOETHICS

**APPROVED** 

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at the meeting of the Commission for Quality at the Council meeting of the Faculty Assurance and Evaluation of the Curriculum Medicine II

faculty Medicine

Minutes No. 6 of 12 02 20

Chairman PhD., associated prof.

Suman Serghei

Minutes No. 4 of Apr. 03 201

Dean of Faculty Php, associated prof.

Bețiu Mircea

# **APPROVED**

approved at the meeting of the chair of Philosophy and Bioethics

Minutes No. 01 of 01. 09, 2017

Head of chair PhD., associated prof.

Ojovan Vitalie

# **CURRICULUM**

## DISCIPLINE BIOETHICS

**Integrated studies** 

Type of course: Compulsory

Chisinau, 2017



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### I. INTRODUCTION

• General presentation of the discipline: place and role of the discipline in the formation of the specific competences of the professional / specialty training program

Bioethics is an interdisciplinary field that emerges as a result of the development of sciences and technologies, including medical ones, aiming at regulating inter-human or extra-human relations in the new social conditions determined by these advances. Studying bioethics within the medical setting, knowing the ethical issues, forming the skills to solve them will create favorable conditions for strengthening the mutual trust between the doctor and the patient, will strengthen the therapeutic alliance indispensable to the diagnostic, curative and preventive process. During this course the students will gain systematic, methodical and instrumental knowledge on the ethical issues of the clinical interaction between physician and patient; moral dilemmas generated by advanced medical methods of human reproduction and those related to traditional / common reproductive practices; ethical aspects relevant to the end of life; ethical principles applied to biomedical research. The study of bioethics within the medical field allows the development of ethical knowledge and the creation of skills necessary for the deliberation and confrontation of the moral problems encountered in and out of the clinic. The course proposed for students includes five important topics for introducing audiences in the field. During the course the theoretical aspects will be merged with the practical ones in the proportion recommended by the contemporary didactic guides.

• Mission of the curriculum (aim) in professional training

The bioethics course has the mission to contribute to the configuration of the humanist profile of the contemporary physician by providing knowledge and competency skills on a range of clinical and / or social issues as follows:

- 1. Knowing the clinical aspects of bioethics are indispensable conditions for achieving alliance and therapeutic confidence, resulting in increased compliance rate, result in expected therapeutic results and ultimately mutual satisfaction. The lack of reflection skills on these subjects is one of the reasons for low satisfaction with medical services.
- 2. Studying and discussing the reproductive legal framework, the moral status of the fetus / embryo / child, parental responsibility, and the responsibility of the physician as a professional and citizen will condition an indispensable increase in the knowledge of reasonable and reasoned clinical decisions of the moral, at the same time necessary for the creation of citizens' attitudes and visions regarding natalist policies.
- 3. Euthanasia and palliative care are two alternative, end-of-life medical practices that raise a number of ethical issues, the knowledge of which can foster the development of skills and abilities needed to find timely / justifiable solutions from a moral perspective.
- 4. Biomedical research has a major impact on the quality of contemporary human life. In medicine, scientific research is usually accomplished by the involvement of human beings, which requires the application of moral standards in the conduct of this type of activity. At the same time, obtaining an immediate social benefit involves conducting scientific research under conditions of moral integrity. Knowledge of these subjects will contribute to the appreciation of the social value of biomedical science through the perspective of moral normality.
  - Languages of the course: English, Romanian, Russian.
  - Beneficiaries: students of the II year, faculty Medicine 1 and 2.



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## II. MANAGEMENT OF THE DISCIPLINE

Code of discipline		U.04.O.033	
Name of the discipline	;	Bioethics	
Person(s) in charge of	the discipline PhD., associated prof. Vitalie Ojovanu		nu
		PhD., associated prof. Adriana Paladi	
		Univ.assis. Victoria Federiuc	
Year	II	Semester/Semesters 4	
Total number of hours	Total number of hours, including: 30		30
Lectures	10	Practical/laboratory hours	-
Seminars	10	Self-training 10	
Form of assessment CD Number of credits 1		1	

### III. TRAINING AIMS WITHIN THE DISCIPLINE

At the end of the discipline study the student will be able to:

- at the level of knowledge and understanding:
- Knowledge of the basic notions, concepts, basic problems of bioethics.
- Understanding the importance of a multidisciplinary approach to bioethics.
- Getting familiar with the most current ethical dilemmas encountered in medical activity and / or related to advancing biomedical knowledge.
- Understanding of models of solving conflicts / moral dilemmas.

## • at the application level:

- training skills to apply the knowledge gained within this module in professional / clinical work.
- Developing the skills of deliberation on moral issues.
- training of moral decision making skills in a clinical context.

## • at the integration level:

- the knowledge and skills gained during this course will allow students to develop a holistic view of medical act - as a complex activity in which clinical aspects interfere with a range of extramedical influences / aspects.

### IV. PROVISIONAL TERMS AND CONDITIONS

To be fully involved in the study process the student requires:

- knowledge of the language of instruction;
- knowledge of general human and ethical values in particular;
- communication and team work skills;
- qualities tolerance, empathy, autonomy.

# V. THEMES AND ESTIMATE DISTRIBUTION OF HOURS

Lectures, practical hours/laboratory hours/seminars and self-training



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No.	THEME		Number of hours		
d/o			Practical hours	Self- training	
1.	Introduction to bioethics.		2	2	
2.	2. Clinical aspects of bioethics.		2	2	
3.	Ethical issues in human reproduction.		2	2	
4.	4. Ethical issues on the end of life.		2	2	
5.	5. Ethical aspects of research.		2	2	
	Total	10	10	10	
			30		

# VI. OBJECTIVES AND CONTENT UNITS

Objectives	Content units			
Theme 1. Introduction to bioethics				
<ul> <li>to define the concepts of ethics, morality and bioethics;</li> <li>to know the important moments of the evolution of bioethics as a field of study and activity;</li> <li>to demonstrate the moral conflict;</li> <li>to develop skills to identify and solve the moral conflict;</li> <li>to apply normative theories in moral decisions making on case studies;</li> <li>to evaluate the competences for applying the normative concepts;</li> <li>to integrate the role and value of normative theories in moral decisions making.</li> </ul>	<ol> <li>Defining ethical, moral and bioethical concepts.</li> <li>Significant moments in the evolution of bioethics. Narrow and wide acceptance of bioethics as a domain.</li> <li>Normative theories: the ethics of virtue (the traditional Aristotelian version), the deontology (version of Im. Kant), the consequentionalism (version of J. Mill.), and the principism (version Beauchamp / Childress).</li> <li>Moral decisions. Moral conflict and its settlement.</li> </ol>			
Theme 2. Clinical aspects of bioet	Theme 2. Clinical aspects of bioethics			
<ul> <li>to define the types of doctor-patient relationships;</li> <li>to understand the paternalism;</li> <li>to know the consequences of the patient's paternal approach;</li> <li>to define the antipaternalist approach;</li> </ul>	Types of doctor-patient relationships: paternalism-antipaternalism     The informed consent as an expression of the anti-paternalistic approach. Criteria for the validity of the informed consent.  Vulnerable patients.			



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Objectives	Content units		
• to demonstrate the practical	3. Confidentiality - the expression of the right of the patient to		
value of informed consent and patient involvement in medical	private life, the limits of this right and the consequences of its limitation.		
decision making;			
• to know what is confidentiality	4. Medical errors and the moral obligation of veracity.		
and the moral obligations			
derived from it;			
• to know what medical error			
means and what are the moral recommendations in the event of			
its occurrence;			
• to be able to develop an			
informed consent model valid			
for a concrete medical condition			
/ concrete diagnosis;			
• to integrate the theoretical skills assimilated into			
therapeutic practice.			
<b>Theme 3.</b> Ethical issues in human	reproduction		
• to define the content of ethical	1. Abortion: the polemics about the right to life of the embryo and		
polemics on the side of medical	the choice right of the mother.		
induced abortion;			
• to know what surrogate	2. National regulations on medical-induced abortion.		
motherhood is and what are the	<b>2</b> , 1 ( <b>31.0.1.0.1.0.1.0.1.0.1.0.1.0.1.0.1.0.1.0</b>		
ethical issues raised by her practice;			
• to demonstrate the ability to	3. In vitro fertilization: pros and cons.		
deliberate on medical-induced	3. In vido termización, pros ana cons.		
abortion requests based on social			
indications, and be able to			
formulate reasonable arguments for decisions on medical-			
induced abortion requests based			
on social guidelines;			
<ul> <li>to be able to opt for arguably in</li> </ul>			
favor / disadvantage of surrogate			



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Objectives		Content units	-
analysis of the of this proce	ther, the recipient	4. Surrogate motherhood as a potential so the contracting parties; violation of the rig child; of the exploitation of the woman.	
Theme 4. Et	hical issues on the end	l of life	
euthanasia suicide;	e the concept of and medical assisted he arguments against	1. The concept of euthanasia. The types o	f euthanasia.
and in fa legalizing euthanasia	voluntary active	2. Models of legality of voluntary active e	euthanasia.
palliative of to demonstrate between	_	3. The concept of palliative care.	
and reinfo the option resources	ne ability to structure orce thoughts about on while finding / ways of accepting osite perspective /	4. The issue of moral decisions on the end	l of life.
• to understaknowing to euthanasiatwo enalternative			
Theme 5. Ethical aspects of research			
of research • to know between bi- and medica	the difference omedical research al clinical activity;	<ol> <li>The concept of scientific research / bio relation to the clinical activity.</li> <li>Scientific Integrity.</li> </ol>	medical research in
scientific in	I the category of ntegrity; estand basic ethical	3. Plagiarism: causes, consequences and f	forms.



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Objectives	Content units
requirements in research	4. Moral requirements of human research. The Helsinki Declaration.
involving human beings	
(patients or healthy	5. Structure and content of a study protocol.
volunteers); • to demonstrate what	3. Structure and content of a study protocor.
plagiarism is and why it is an	
immoral act;	
<ul><li>to apply the knowledge</li></ul>	
gained in evaluating a study	
protocol involving human	
beings;	
• to understand the importance	
of the ethical approach to	
scientific research.	

# VII. PROFESSIONAL (SPECIFIC (SC)) AND TRANSVERSAL (TC) COMPETENCES AND STUDY FINDINGS

# ✓ Professional (specific) (SC) competences

• PC1. Planning, co-ordinating and conducting health promotion activities and prophylactic measures to improve individual and community health.

# ✓ Transversal competences (TC)

- TC1. Responsible execution of professional tasks with the application of the values and norms of professional ethics, as well as the provisions of the legislation in force. Promoting logical reasoning, practical applicability, assessment and self-assessment in decision-making.
- TC2. Performing activities and exercising the roles specific to team work in various medical institutions. Promoting the spirit of initiative, dialogue, cooperation, positive attitude and respect for others, empathy, altruism and continuous improvement of our own activity.
- CT3. Objective self-evaluation of the need for continuous professional training in order to provide
  quality services and adapt to the dynamics of health policy requirements and for personal and
  professional development. Effective use of language skills, knowledge in information technologies,
  research and communication skills.

### ✓ Study findings

Upon completion of the course the student will be able to:

- Understand the value and place of knowledge of bioethics in the context of education and medical activity.
- ➤ Know how to analyze holistic different types of clinical situations (cases) taking into account moral obligations derived from ethical principles.
- ➤ Be able to analyze the correlation between competitive (moral) professional obligations and be able to determine the priority moral obligation depending on the case and context.
- ➤ Understand the importance of reasoning in making moral decisions and assuming responsibility for the consequences of the decision taken.
- ➤ Know the role of fulfilling moral obligations in ensuring the quality of the medical act.



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> To self-assess the knowledge and skills of making moral decisions in the problem situations under consideration.

### STUDENT'S SELF-TRAINING

No.	Expected product	Implementation strategies	Assessment criteria	Implementation terms
1.	Study of compulsory and optional literature on the subject.	Reading, identifying key moments / topics of the material, taking notes, formulating conclusions and personal opinions.	<ol> <li>Appreciation of the level of student involvement in practical sessions.</li> <li>Appreciation of the quality of involvement (quality of messages, judgments and expressed conclusions).</li> </ol>	During the semester
2.	Develop a valid informed consent form.	Familiarize yourself with the validity criteria of an informed consent.  Identifying a particular medical condition with reference to which consent will be developed.	Assessment of the validity of the written consent form.	Practical assignment to the theme 2.
3.	Analysis of case study with bioethical incidence.	Choice and description of the case study  Analysis of the causes of the issues raised in the case study.  Prognosis of the case investigated.  Deduction of the expected outcome of the case.	<ol> <li>Analysis, synthesis, generalization of data obtained through own investigation.</li> <li>Formation of an algorithm of knowledge based on the obtained conclusions.</li> </ol>	During the semester

# VIII. METHODOLOGICAL SUGGESTIONS FOR TEACHING-LEARNING-ASSESSMENT

## • Teaching and learning methods used

The lecture consists of an interactive exposition of the course's basic content.

The student's seminar and extra-curricular activity involves the application of a variety of methods as follows: heuristic conversation, problem-solving, brainstorming, group work, individual study, debate, problem solving, role play, case study.

- Applied (specific to the discipline) teaching strategies / technologies Study of document texts; role plays; case study; computer assisted training.
  - **Methods of assessment**(including the method of final mark calculation)

*Current*: frontal and / or individual control by:



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- ✓ Evaluation of the level of involvement of students and their quality in the accomplishment of the current tasks;
- ✓ Evaluating answers (students' arguments and decisions) to questions of problem situations or case studies;
- ✓ Evaluation of the control work.

*Final*: Differentiated colloquium.

Final test - oral test consisting of 3 questions: one question for assessing knowledge and two questions for competence assessment.

Answers are scored in grades 0 to 10 in accordance with national knowledge and competence assessment regulations. The annual average is formed from the sum of all grades divided by the number of accumulated notes.

The final grade will be calculated from the annual average score (coefficient 0.5) and the final grade score (coefficient 0.5).

### Method of mark rounding at different assessment stages

Intermediate marks scale (annual average,	National Assessment	ECTS
marks from the examination stages)	System	Equivalent
1,00-3,00	2	$\mathbf{F}$
3,01-4,99	4	FX
5,00	5	
5,01-5,50	5,5	E
5,51-6,00	6	
6,01-6,50	6,5	D
6,51-7,00	7	
7,01-7,50	7,5	C
7,51-8,00	8	
8,01-8,50	8,5	В
8,51-8,00	9	
9,01-9,50	9,5	A
9,51-10,0	10	

The average annual mark and the marks of all stages of final examination (computer assisted, test, oral) - are expressed in numbers according to the mark scale (according to the table), and the final mark obtained is expressed in number with two decimals, which is transferred to student's recordbook.



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Absence on examination without good reason is recorded as "absent" and is equivalent to 0 (zero). The student has the right to have two re-examinations.

### IX. RECOMMENDED LITERATURE:

## A. Compulsory:

- 1. Dicționar de Filosofie și Bioetică. Chișinău: Medicina, 2004.
- 2. Ojovanu V. (coord.). Comunicare și comportament în medicină (cu elemente de bioetică): Suport de curs. Chișinău: CEP Medicina, 2016.
- 3. Ojovanu V. (coord.). Filosofia medicinei (cu elemente de bioetică medicală): Suport de curs. Chisinău: CEP Medicina, 2017.
- 4. Țîrdea Teodor N. Bioetică: curs de bază. Manual. Chișinău: Medicina, 2017.
- 5. Țîrdea Teodor. Bioetică: origini, dileme, tendințe. Suport de curs. Chișinău: Medicina, 2005.
- 6. Steinbock Bonnie. The Oxford of handbook of bioethics. Oxford: Oxford University Press, 2013.
- 7. Harris John (ed.). Bioethics. New York: Cambridge University Press, 2004.
- 8. Ives Jonathan, Dunn Michael, Cribb Alan (ed.). Empirical bioethics: theoretical and practical perspectives. Cambridge: Cambridge University Press, 2017.
- 9. Talbot Marianne. Bioethics: an introduction. Cambridge: Cambridge University Press, 2016.

#### B. Additional

- 1. Aristotel. Morala către Eudem. În: Bagdasar N., Virgil Bogdan, Narly C. Antologie filosofică. București: Editura Uniunii Scriitorilor, 1996.
- 2. Astărăstoae V., Sana Loue, Ioan B-G. Etica cercetării pe subiecți umani. Iași: Ed. U.M.F. "Gr. Popa", 2009.
- 3. Beauchamp T., Childress J. Principles of Biomedical Ethics.Oxford: Oxford University Press, 2001.
- 4. Eșanu Anatol, Berlinschi Petru. Aspectul bioetic al experimentelor biomedicale. În: Teodor N.Ţîrdea. Elemente de bioetică. Ch.: Univers Pedagogic, 2005, p.100-118.
- 5. Gramma Rodica, Paladi Adriana, Aspecte etice în organizarea asistenței pacientului moribund asistența paliativă. În: Etica sănătății publice. Chișinău: Tipogr., "T-Par". S. n, 2016, p.329-345.
- 6. Mill John Stuart. Utilitarismul. București: Editura Alternative, 1994.
- 7. Paladi A. Etica cercetării biomedicale. Îndrumar didactico- metodic. Chișinău: Centrul Editorial Poligrafic *Medicina*, 2014.
- 8. Paladi Adriana, Euthanasia de la teorie în practica social actuală. În: Etica sănătății publice. Chişinău: Tipogr., "T-Par". S. n, 2016, p.302-319.